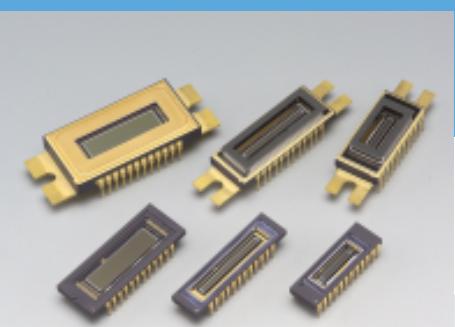


CCD area image sensor S9970/S9971 series

Low dark signal · low readout noise/front-illuminated FFT-CCD



The S9970/S9971 series are families of FFT-CCD image sensors specifically designed for low-light-level detection in scientific applications. The S9970/S9971 series offer lower dark current and lower readout noise than the S7010/S7011 series that have been marketed. By using the binning operation, the S9970/S9971 series can be used as a linear image sensor having a long aperture in the direction of the device length. This makes the S9970/S9971 series ideally suited for use in spectrophotometry. The binning operation offers significant improvement in S/N and signal processing speed compared with conventional methods by which signals are digitally added by an external circuit. The S9970/S9971 series also feature low noise and low dark signal (MPP mode operation). This enables low-light-level detection and long integration time, thus achieving a wide dynamic range.

The S9970/S9971 series have an effective pixel size of $24 \times 24 \mu\text{m}$ and are available in image areas ranging from $12.288 (\text{H}) \times 1.44 (\text{V}) \text{ mm}^2$ (512×60 pixels) up to a large image area of $24.576 (\text{H}) \times 6.048 (\text{V}) \text{ mm}^2$ (1024×252 pixels). S9970/S9971 series are pin compatible with S7010/S7011 series. (Operating conditions are a little bit changed from S7010/S7011 series.)

Features

- Low dark signal: $10 \text{ e}^-/\text{pixel}/\text{s}$ Typ. (0°C , MPP mode)
- Low readout noise: $4 \text{ e}^-/\text{rms}$ Typ.
- $512 (\text{H}) \times 60 (\text{V})$ to $1024 (\text{H}) \times 252 (\text{V})$ pixel format
- Pixel size: $24 \times 24 \mu\text{m}$
- Line/pixel binning
- 100 % fill factor
- Wide dynamic range
- MPP operation

Applications

- Fluorescence spectrometer, ICP
- Raman spectrometer
- Industrial inspection requiring
- Semiconductor inspection
- DNA sequencer
- Low-light-level detection

■ Selection guide

Type no.	Cooling	Number of total pixels	Number of active pixels	Active area [mm (H) × mm (V)]	Applicable multichannel detector head
S9970-0906	Non-cooled	532 × 64	512 × 60	12.288×1.440	C7020
S9970-1006		1044 × 64	1024 × 60	24.576×1.440	
S9970-1007		1044 × 128	1024 × 124	24.576×2.976	
S9970-1008		1044 × 256	1024 × 252	24.576×6.048	
S9971-0906	One-stage TE-cooled	532 × 64	512 × 60	12.288×1.440	C7021
S9971-1006		1044 × 64	1024 × 60	24.576×1.440	
S9971-1007		1044 × 128	1024 × 124	24.576×2.976	
S9971-1008		1044 × 256	1024 × 252	24.576×6.048	C7025

■ General ratings

Parameter	S9970 series	S9971 series
Pixel size	$24 (\text{H}) \times 24 (\text{V}) \mu\text{m}$	
Vertical clock phase		2-phase
Horizontal clock phase		2-phase
Output circuit	One-stage MOSFET source follower	
Package	24 pin ceramic DIP (refer to dimensional outlines)	
Window*1	Quartz glass	S9971-0906/-1006/-1007: sapphire S9971-1008: AR-coated sapphire

*1: Temporary window type (ex. S9970-0906N) and UV coat type (ex. S9970-0906UV) are available upon request.

(On the temporary window type, a window is temporarily attached by tape to protect the CCD chip and wires.)

CCD area image sensor S9970/S9971 series

■ Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Operating temperature	Topr	-50	-	+50	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-50	-	+70	°C
Output transistor drain voltage	VOD	-0.5	-	+25	V
Reset drain voltage	VRD	-0.5	-	+18	V
Test point (vertical input source)	Visv	-0.5	-	+18	V
Test point (horizontal input source)	Vish	-0.5	-	+18	V
Test point (vertical input gate)	VIG1V, VIG2V	-15	-	+15	V
Test point (horizontal input gate)	VIG1H, VIG2H	-15	-	+15	V
Summing gate voltage	VSG	-15	-	+15	V
Output gate voltage	VOG	-15	-	+15	V
Reset gate voltage	VRG	-15	-	+15	V
Transfer gate voltage	VTG	-15	-	+15	V
Vertical shift register clock voltage	VP1V, VP2V	-15	-	+15	V
Horizontal shift register clock voltage	VP1H, VP2H	-15	-	+15	V

■ Operating conditions (MPP mode, Ta=25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output transistor drain voltage	VOD	18	20	22	V
Reset drain voltage	VRD	11.5	12	12.5	V
Output gate voltage	VOG	1	3	5	V
Substrate voltage	Vss	-	0	-	V
Test point (vertical input source)	Visv	-	VRD	-	V
Test point (horizontal input source)	Vish	-	VRD	-	V
Test point (vertical input gate)	VIG1V, VIG2V	-8	0	-	V
Test point (horizontal input gate)	VIG1H, VIG2H	-8	0	-	V
Vertical shift register clock voltage	High	VP1VH, VP2VH	0	4	6
	Low	VP1VL, VP2VL	-9	-8	-7
Horizontal shift register clock voltage	High	VP1HH, VP2HH	0	4	6
	Low	VP1HL, VP2HL	-9	-8	-7
Summing gate voltage	High	VSGH	0	4	6
	Low	VSGL	-9	-8	-7
Reset gate voltage	High	VRGH	0	4	6
	Low	VRGL	-9	-8	-7
Transfer gate voltage	High	VTGH	0	4	6
	Low	VTGL	-9	-8	-7
External load resistance	RL	20	22	24	kΩ

■ Electrical characteristics (Ta=25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Signal output frequency	fc	-	0.1	1	MHz
Vertical shift register capacitance	S9970/S9971-0906	CP1V, CP2V	-	750	pF
	S9970/S9971-1006		-	1500	
	S9970/S9971-1007		-	3000	
	S9970/S9971-1008		-	6000	
	S9970/S9971-0906		-	100	
Horizontal shift register capacitance	S9970/S9971-1006	CP1H, CP2H	-	180	pF
	S9970/S9971-1007		-	180	
	S9970/S9971-1008		-	180	
Summing gate capacitance	Csg	-	7	-	pF
Reset gate capacitance	CRG	-	7	-	pF
Transfer gate capacitance	S9970/S9971-0906	CTG	-	60	pF
	S9970/S9971-1006		-	100	
	S9970/S9971-1007		-	100	
	S9970/S9971-1008		-	100	
Transfer efficiency*2	CTE	0.99995	0.99999	-	-
DC output level	Vout	12	15	18	V
Output impedance	Zo	-	5	-	kΩ
Power dissipation*3	P	-	15	-	mW

*2: Charge transfer efficiency per pixel, measured at half of the full well capacity

*3: Power dissipation of the on-chip amplifier plus load resistance

■ Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Saturation output voltage	Vsat		-	Fw × Sv	-	V
Full well capacity	Vertical	Fw	150	300	-	ke ⁻
Horizontal			300	600	-	
CCD node sensitivity ^{*4}		Sv	-	3.5	-	μV/e ⁻
Dark current ^{*5} (MPP mode)	+25 °C	DS	-	200	3000	e ⁻ /pixel/s
	0 °C		-	10	150	
Readout noise ^{*6}	Nr		-	4	18	e ⁻ rms
Dynamic range ^{*7}	Line binning	DR	75000	150000	-	-
Area scanning			37500	75000	-	
Spectral response range	λ		-	400 to 1100	-	nm
Photo response non-uniformity ^{*8}	PRNU		-	-	±10	%
Blemish	Point defects ^{*9}	-	-	-	0	-
	Cluster defects ^{*10}		-	-	0	
	Column defects ^{*11}		-	-	0	

*4: VOD=20 V, Load resistance=22 kΩ

*5: Dark current nearly doubles for every 5 to 7 °C increase in temperature.

*6: -40 °C, operating frequency is 80 kHz.

*7: Dynamic range (DR) = Full well capacity / Readout noise

*8: Measured at one-half of the saturation output (full well capacity) using LED light (peak emission wavelength: 560 nm)

$$\text{Photo response non-uniformity} = \frac{\text{Fixed pattern noise (peak to peak)}}{\text{Signal}} \times 100 [\%]$$

*9: White spots

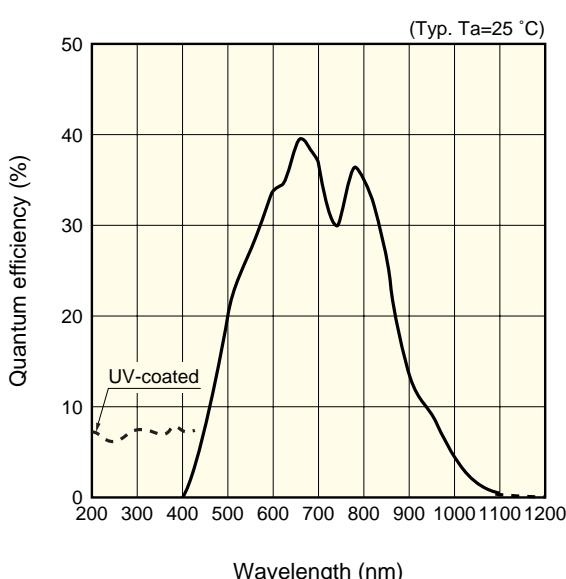
Pixels that generate dark current higher than 3% of the saturation. (Measured at 0 °C, Ts=1 s)

Black spots

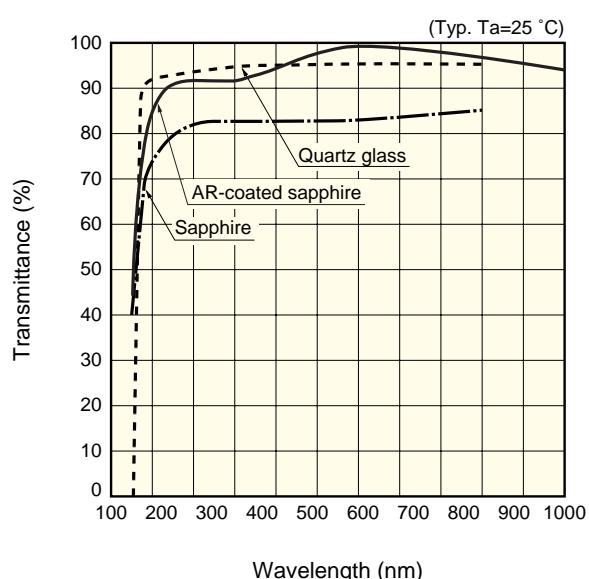
Pixels whose sensitivity is lower than one-half of the average pixel output. (Measured with uniform light producing one-half of the saturation charge)

*10: 2 to 9 contiguous defective pixels

*11: 10 or more contiguous defective pixels

 ■ Spectral response (without window)^{*12}


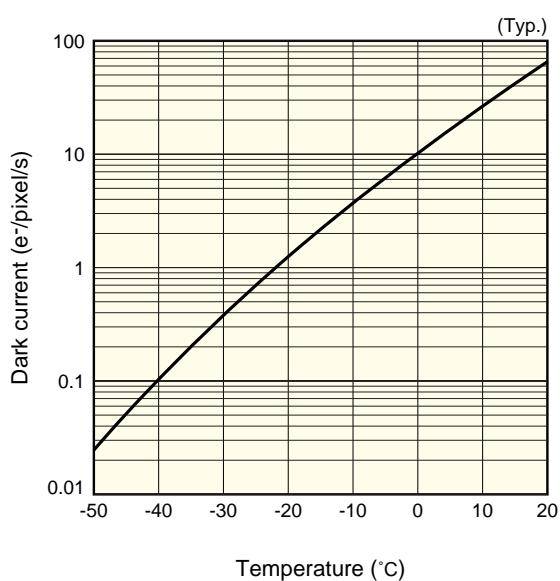
■ Spectral transmittance characteristics of window material



*12: Spectral response with sapphire or AR-coated sapphire is decreased according to the spectral transmittance characteristic of window material.

CCD area image sensor S9970/S9971 series

■ Dark current vs. temperature



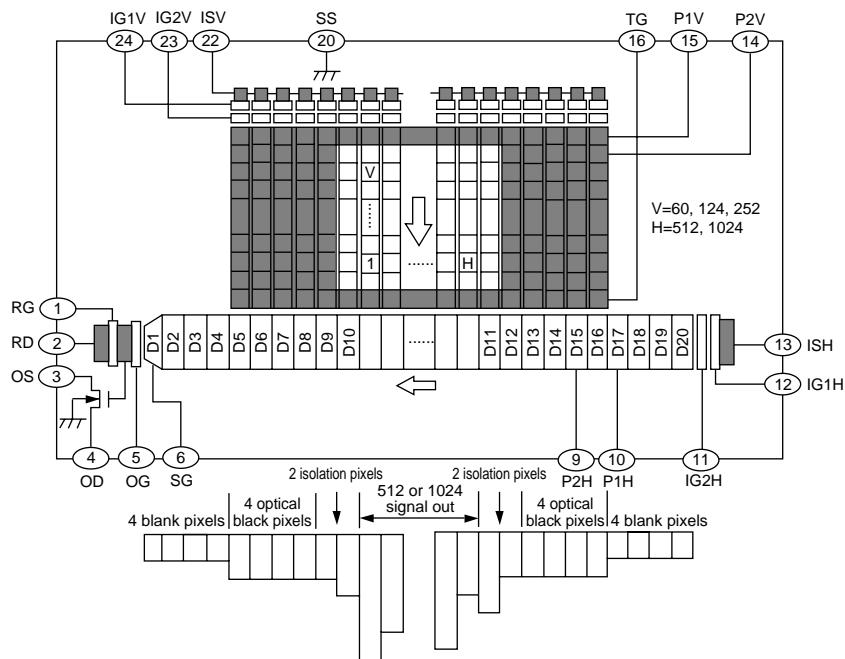
■ Window material

Type No.	Window material
S9970 series	Quartz glass* ¹³ (option: window-less)
S9971-0906/-1006/-1007	Sapphire* ¹⁴ (option: window-less)
S9971-1008	AR-coated sapphire* ¹⁴ (option: window-less)

*13: Resin sealing

*14: Hermetic sealing

■ Device structure (conceptual drawing of top view in dimensional outlines)



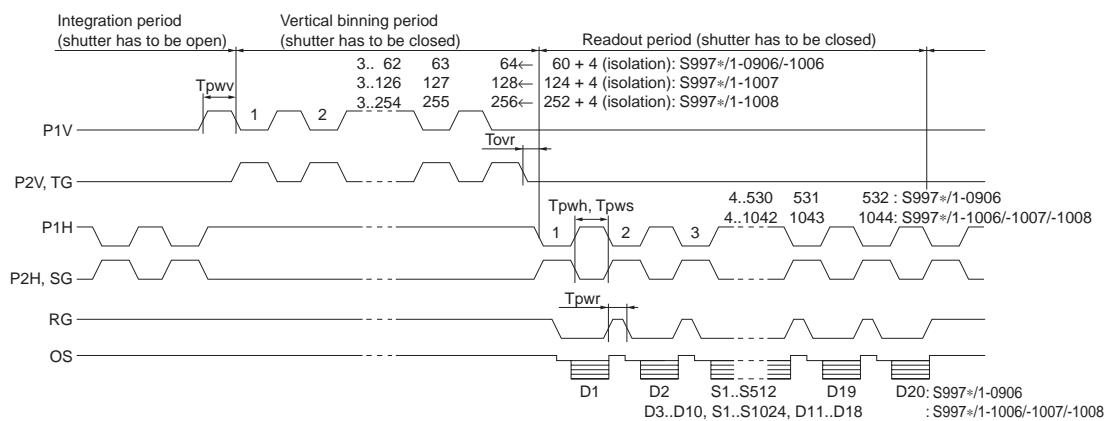
KMPDC0015EC

Pixel format

Left ← Horizontal Direction → Right						
Blank	Optical Black	Isolation	Effective	Isolation	Optical Black	Blank
4	4	2	512 or 1024	2	4	4
Top ← Vertical Direction → Bottom						
Isolation		Effective		Isolation		
2		60, 124 or 252		2		

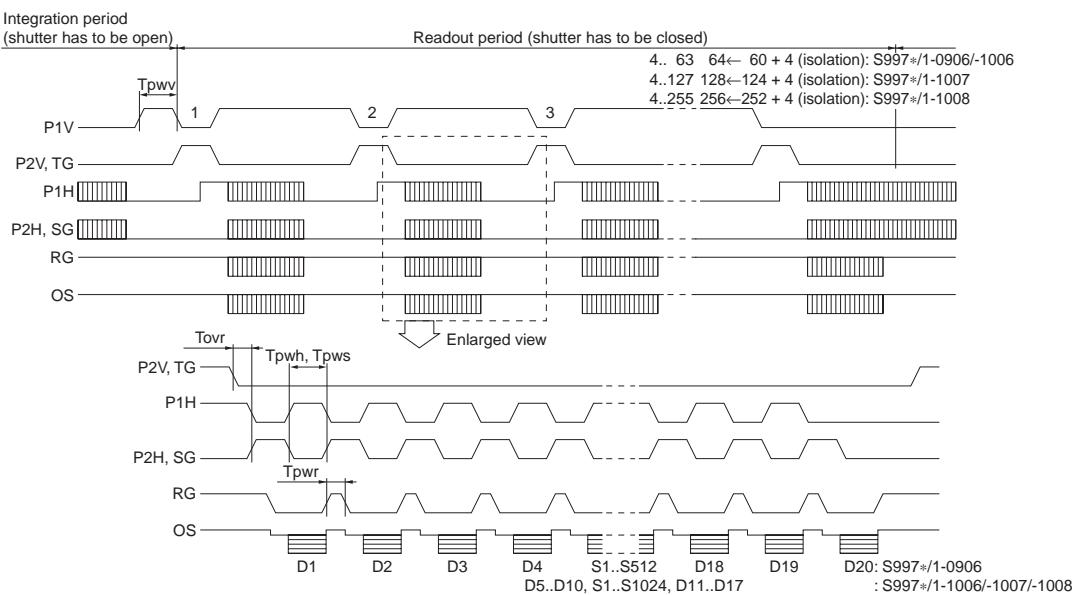
■ Timing chart

Line binning



KMPDC0227EB

Area scanning (large full well mode)



KMPDC0229EB

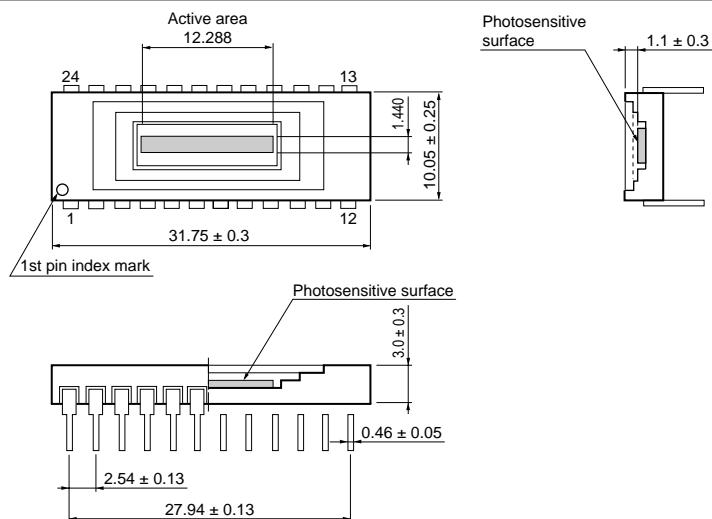
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
P1V, P2V, TG	S9970/S9971-0906	Tpvv	1.5	4.5	-	μs
	S9970/S9971-1006		3.0	9.0	-	
	S9970/S9971-1007		6.0	18	-	
	S9970/S9971-1008		12	36	-	
Rise and fall times		Tprv, Tpfv	200	-	-	ns
P1H, P2H	Pulse width	Tpwh	500	5000	-	ns
	Rise and fall times* ¹⁵	Tprh, Tpfh	10	-	-	ns
	Duty ratio	-	-	50	-	%
SG	Pulse width	Tpws	500	5000	-	ns
	Rise and fall times	Tprs, Tpfs	10	-	-	ns
	Duty ratio	-	-	50	-	%
RG	Pulse width	Tpwr	100	500	-	ns
	Rise and fall times	Tprr, Tpfr	5	-	-	ns
TG - P1H	Overlap time	Tovr	3	6	-	μs

*15: Symmetrical clock pulses should be overlapped at 50% of maximum amplitude.

CCD area image sensor S9970/S9971 series

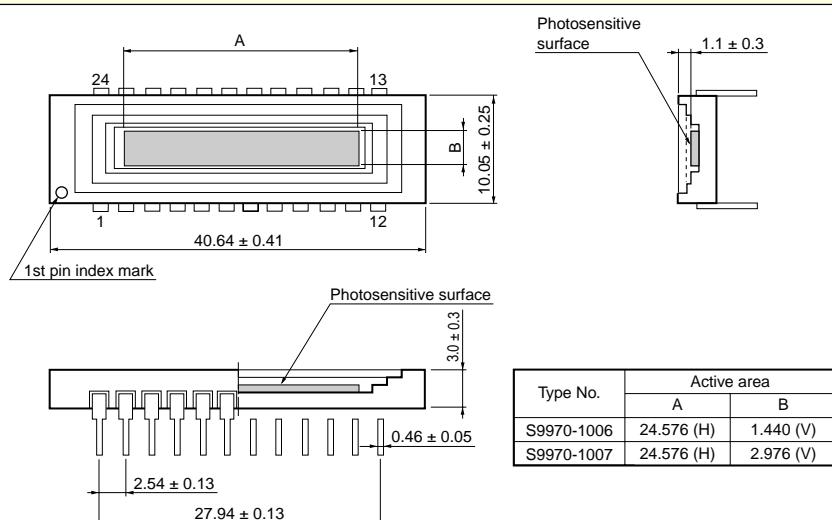
■ Dimensional outlines (unit: mm)

S9970-0906



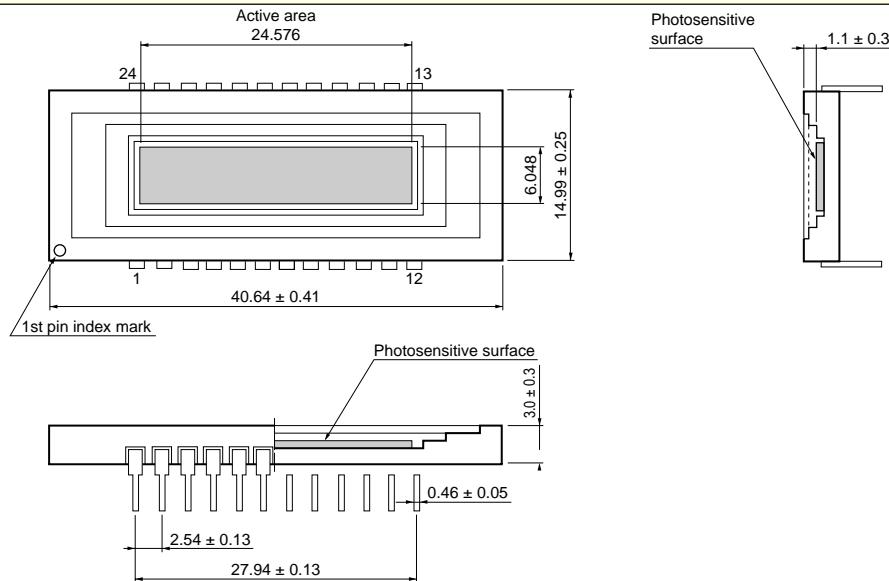
KMPDA0193EB

S9970-1006/-1007



KMPDA0194EB

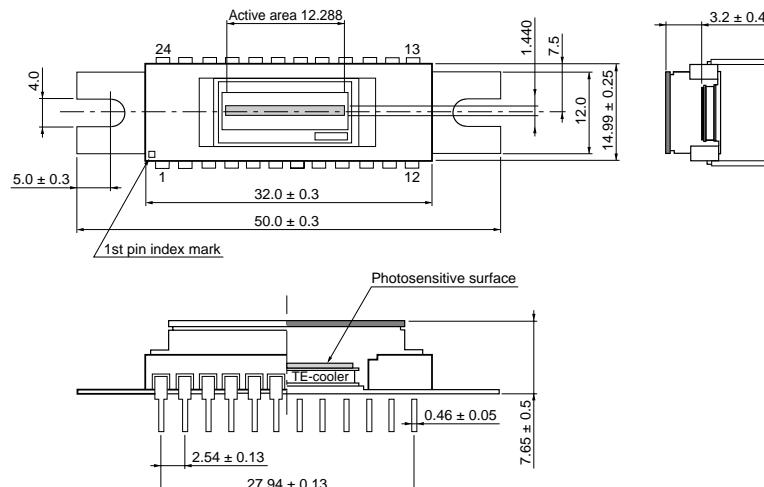
S9970-1008



KMPDA0195EB

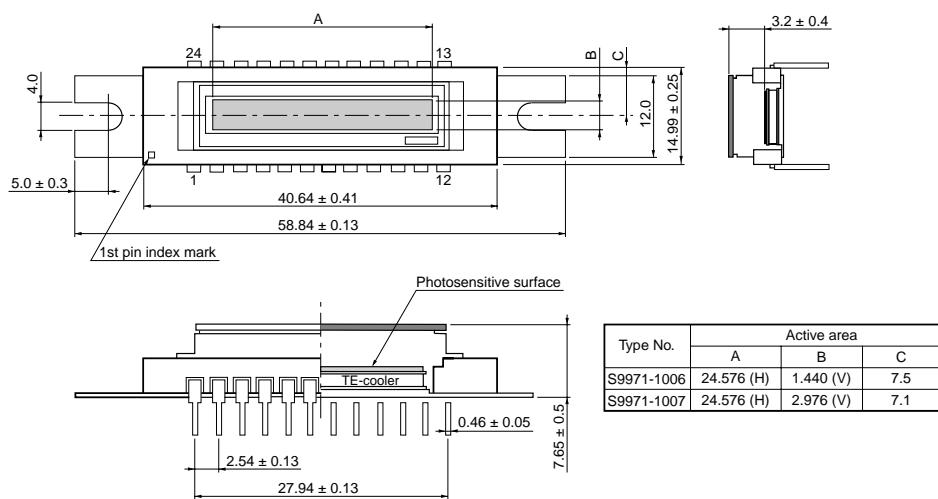
CCD area image sensor S9970/S9971 series

S9971-0906



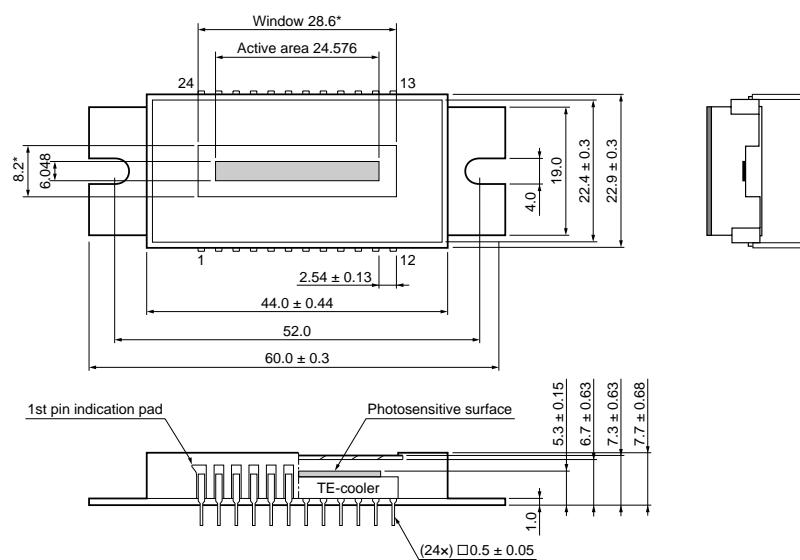
KMPDA0196EB

S9971-1006/-1007



KMPDA0197EB

S9971-1008



* Size of window that guarantees the transmittance in the "Spectral transmittance characteristics of window material" graph

KMPDA0198EB

CCD area image sensor S9970/S9971 series

■ Pin connections

Pin No.	S9970 series			S9971 series			Remark (standard operation)
	Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description			
1	RG	Reset gate	RG	Reset gate			
2	RD	Reset drain	RD	Reset drain	+12 V		
3	OS	Output transistor source	OS	Output transistor source	$R_L=22\text{ k}\Omega$		
4	OD	Output transistor drain	OD	Output transistor drain	+20 V		
5	OG	Output gate	OG	Output gate	+3 V		
6	SG	Summing gate	SG	Summing gate	Same timing as P2H		
7	-		Th1	Thermistor			
8	-		Th2	Thermistor			
9	P2H	CCD horizontal register clock-2	P2H	CCD horizontal register clock-2			
10	P1H	CCD horizontal register clock-1	P1H	CCD horizontal register clock-1			
11	IG2H	Test point (horizontal input gate-2)	IG2H	Test point (horizontal input gate-2)	0 V		
12	IG1H	Test point (horizontal input gate-1)	IG1H	Test point (horizontal input gate-1)	0 V		
13	ISH	Test point (horizontal input source)	ISH	Test point (horizontal input source)	Shorted to RD		
14	P2V	CCD vertical register clock-2	P2V	CCD vertical register clock-2			
15	P1V	CCD vertical register clock-1	P1V	CCD vertical register clock-1			
16	TG ^{*16}	Transfer gate	TG ^{*16}	Transfer gate	Same timing as P2V		
17	-		-				
18	-		P-	TE-cooler-			
19	-		P+	TE-cooler+			
20	SS	Substrate (GND)	SS	Substrate (GND)	GND		
21	-		-				
22	ISV	Test point (vertical input source)	ISV	Test point (vertical input source)	Shorted to RD		
23	IG2V	Test point (vertical input gate-2)	IG2V	Test point (vertical input gate-2)	0 V		
24	IG1V	Test point (vertical input gate-1)	IG1V	Test point (vertical input gate-1)	0 V		

*16: TG is an isolation gate between vertical register and horizontal register. In standard operation, the same pulse as P2V should be applied to TG.

■ Specifications of built-in TE-cooler (Typ.)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	S9971-0906	S9971-1006/-1007	S9971-1008	Unit
Internal resistance	Rint	Ta=25 °C	2.8	6.0	1.2	Ω
Maximum current ^{*17}	Imax	Tc ^{*18} =Th ^{*19} =25 °C	1.5	1.5	3.0	A
Maximum voltage	Vmax	Tc ^{*18} =Th ^{*19} =25 °C	4.4	8.8	3.6	V
Maximum heat absorption ^{*20}	Qmax		3.4	6.7	5.1	W
Maximum temperature of hot side	-			70		°C

*17: If the current is greater than Imax, the heat absorption begins to decrease due to the Joule heat. It should be noted that this value is not a damage threshold. To protect the thermoelectric cooler and maintain stable operation, the supply current should be less than 60 % of this maximum current.

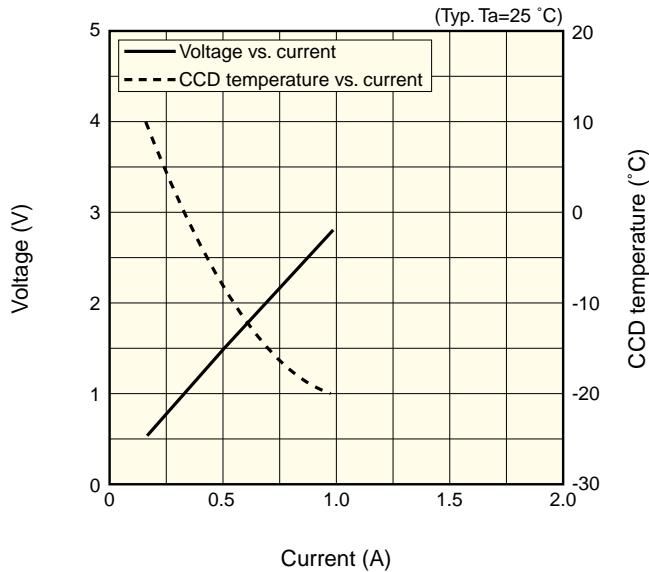
*18: Temperature of cool side of thermoelectric cooler

*19: Temperature of hot side of thermoelectric cooler

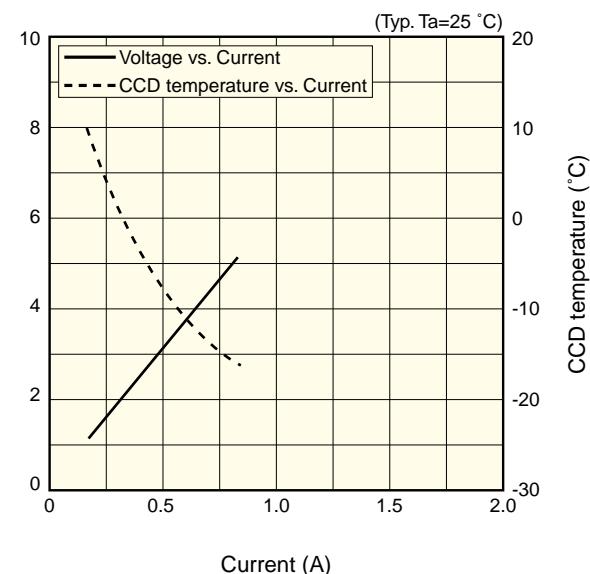
*20: This is a heat absorption when the maximum current is supplied to the TE-cooler.

■ TE-cooler characteristics

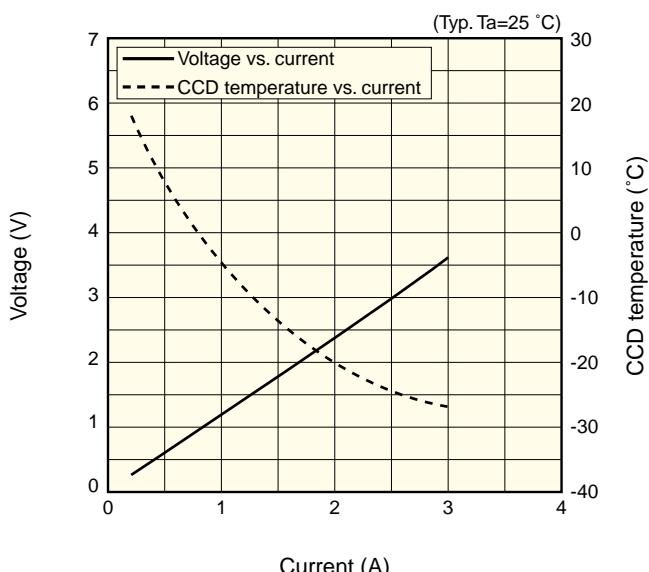
S9971-0906



S9971-1006/-1007



S9971-1008



KMPDB0176EB

KMPDB0177EB

■ Specifications of built-in temperature sensor

A chip thermistor is built in the same package with a CCD chip, and the CCD chip temperature can be monitored with it. A relation between the thermistor resistance and absolute temperature is expressed by the following equation.

$$R_{T1} = R_{T2} \times \exp B_{T1/T2} (1/T1 - 1/T2)$$

R_{T1} : Resistance at absolute temperature T_1 [K]

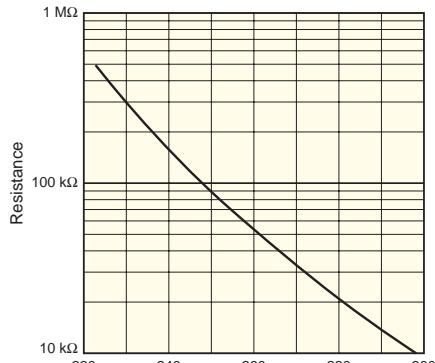
R_{T2} : Resistance at absolute temperature T_2 [K]

$B_{T1/T2}$: B constant [K]

The characteristics of the thermistor used are as follows.

$R_{298}=10\text{ k}\Omega$

$B_{298/323}=3450\text{ K}$



Temperature (K)

KMPDB0111EB

■ Precaution for use (Electrostatic countermeasures)

- Handle these sensors with bare hands or wearing cotton gloves. In addition, wear anti-static clothing or use a wrist strap, in order to prevent electrostatic damage due to electrical charges from friction.
- Avoid directly placing these sensors on a work-desk or work-bench that may carry an electrostatic charge.
- Provide ground lines or ground connection with the work-floor, work-desk and work-bench to allow static electricity to discharge.
- Ground the tools used to handle these sensors, such as tweezers and soldering irons.

It is not always necessary to provide all the electrostatic measures stated above. Implement these measures according to the amount of damage that occurs.

■ Element cooling/heating temperature gradient rate

When using an external cooler, the element cooling/heating temperature gradient rate should be set at less than 5 K/min.

Multichannel detector head (C7020, C7021, C7025)

Features

- C7020: for S9970 series
- C7021: for S9971-0906/-1006/-1007
- C7025: for S9971-1008
- Area scanning or full line-binnng operation
- Readout frequency: 250 kHz
- Readout noise: 20 e⁻rms
- $\Delta T=50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (ΔT changes by radiation method.)

Input	Symbol	Value
Supply voltage	V _{D1}	+5 Vdc, 200 mA
	V _{A1+}	+15 Vdc, +100 mA
	V _{A1-}	-15 Vdc, -100 mA
	V _{A2}	+24 Vdc, 30 mA
	V _{D2}	+5 Vdc, 30 mA (C7021, C7025)
	V _p	+5 Vdc, 2.5 A (C7021, C7025)
	V _F	+12 Vdc, 100 mA (C7021, C7025)
Master start	ϕ_{ms}	HCMOS logic compatible
Master clock	ϕ_{mc}	HCMOS logic compatible, 1 MHz



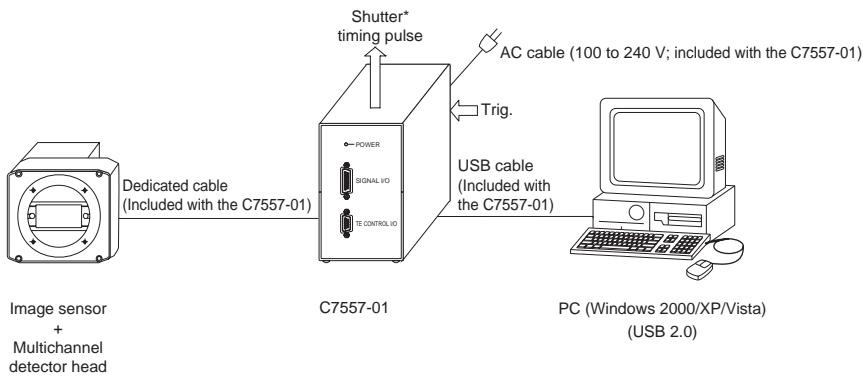
Multichannel detector head controller

Type no.	Interface	Photo	Accessories
S7557	SCSI		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ·SCSI terminator ·Fuse (2.5 A) ·Detector head connection cable ·AC cable ·Software (compatible OS: Windows 98/ME*²¹) ·Operation manual
S7557-01	USB2.0		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ·USB cable ·Fuse (2.5 A) ·Detector head connection cable ·AC cable ·Software (compatible OS: Windows 2000/XP/Vista) ·Operation manual ·MOS adapter

Note: SCSI cable and SCSI board (card) are not supplied with the C7557

*²¹: This software may be run on Windows 2000/NT/XP with a simple task. For information on how to do this, please consult with our sales office.

■ Connection example



* Shutter, etc. are not available.

KACCC0402EA



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